Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission		
Sacramento, CA 95814		
Telephone: (916) 323-6424 Facsimile: (916) 322-1932		
Attorney for Complainant		
BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION		
STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
In the Matter of:	FPPC Case No. 15/124	
YES ON PROP. 30 – TO PROTECT OUR	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER	
BROAD COALITION OF TEACHERS,		
ENFORCEMENT, AND GOVERNOR		
,		
- Respondents.		
INTRODUCTION		
Respondent Yes on Prop. 30 – to Protect our Schools and Public Safety, a broad coalition of		
teachers, labor, business, law enforcement, and Governor Brown ("Committee") is a primarily formed		
ballot measure committee. At all relevant times, Respondent Rubeena Singh was the treasurer and		
Governor Edmund G. Brown, Jr. was the controlling candidate.		
This case arose from the Franchise Tax Board's ("FTB") audit of the Committee for the period		
January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2012. During this period, the total contributions received were		
\$42,243,644 and the total expenditures made were \$39,641,034.		
The Committee and Singh had a duty to timely file campaign statements and reports. The		
Committee and Singh violated the Political Reform	n Act (the "Act") ¹ requirements by failing to timely	
¹ The Act is contained in Government Code sections 81000 through 91014. All statutory references are to the Government Code, unless otherwise indicated. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to Title 2, Division 6 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise indicated.		
	428 J Street, Suite 620 Sacramento, CA 95814 Telephone: (916) 323-6424 Facsimile: (916) 322-1932 Attorney for Complainant BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICA STATE OF COMPLAIN STATE OF	

file two 10-day reports.

SUMMARY OF THE LAW

An express purpose of the Act is to ensure that receipts and expenditures in election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed, so that voters may be fully informed, and improper practices may be inhibited.² The Act, therefore, establishes a campaign reporting system designed to accomplish this purpose of disclosure. Another purpose of the Act is to provide adequate enforcement mechanisms so that the Act will be "vigorously enforced."³

Under the Act, a recipient committee must file various campaign statements and reports that timely and accurately disclose contributions the committee receives.⁴ There are different types of recipient committees, defined by the type of election activity in which they engage. A recipient committee that is formed or exists primarily to support or oppose two or more measurers being voted on in the same state election is a primarily formed ballot measure committee.⁵

A committee must file a 24-Hour Contribution Report within 24 hours of receiving a contribution of \$1,000 or more during the 90 days prior to an election.⁶ Outside of those 90 days, a primarily formed state ballot measure committee that is required to file reports electronically with the Secretary of State,⁷ must file a report disclosing the same information within 10 business days of receiving a contribution of \$5,000 or more ("10-day reports").⁸

Liability of Committee Treasurers

It is the duty of a committee's treasurer to ensure that the committee complies with all of the requirements of the Act concerning the receipt and expenditure of funds, and the reporting of such funds. A committee's treasurer and candidate may be held jointly and severally liable, along with the committee, for any reporting violations committed by the committee.

² Section 81002, subdivision (a).

³ Section 81002, subdivision (f).

⁴ Section 82013, subdivision (a) and 84200 et seq.

⁵ Section 82047.5, subdivision (d).

⁶ Sections 82036 and 84203.

⁷ Sections 84605, 85309(d).

⁸ Section 85309, subd. (d).

⁹ Sections 81004, subdivision (b), 84100, and 84213, and Regulation 18427, subdivisions (a), (b) and (c).

¹⁰ Sections 83116.5 and 91006; Regulation 18316.6.

SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

The Committee failed to timely report receiving contributions of \$5,000 or more on two 10-day reports which are required outside of the 90-day election cycle (beginning August 8, 2012) as follows:

Name of Contributor	Date Rec'd	Amount
Californians Working Together to Restore and Protect Public Schools, Universities and Public Safety	July 16, 2012	\$1,531,427
California State Council of Service Employees Issues Committee (SEIU)	July 20, 2012	\$15,000

However, the contributions were reported on the pre-election campaign statement for the reporting period ending September 30, 2012. The Committee timely filed 10-day reports for 164 other contributions.

VIOLATION

Failure to Timely Report Contributions of \$5,000 or More

The Committee and Singh failed to timely report two contributions of \$5,000 or more, in violation of Section 85309, subdivision (d).

PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of one count of violating the Act, which carries a maximum administrative penalty of five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Commission considers the typical treatment of a violation in the overall statutory scheme of the Act, with an emphasis on serving the purposes and intent of the Act. Additionally, the Commission considers the facts and circumstances of the violation in context of the factors set forth in Regulation 18361.5, subdivision (d):

1) the seriousness of the violations; 2) the presence or lack of intent to deceive the voting public; 3) whether the violation was deliberate, negligent, or inadvertent; 4) whether the Respondent demonstrated good faith in consulting with Commission staff; 5) whether there was a pattern of violations; and 6) whether, upon learning of the violation, the violator voluntarily provided amendments to provide full disclosure.

In the Matter of SAM Action, Inc., A Committee Against Proposition 64 with Help from Citizens

(Nonprofit 501(c)(4)); Kevin Sabet-Sharghi; and David Bauer; FPPC No. 16/19641. (The Commission approved a stipulated decision on April 20, 2017.) In that case, the respondents failed to timely report five contributions of \$5,000 or more for contributions totaling \$1,350,000. The Commission imposed a penalty of \$1,500. In this case, the required reports were also due outside the election cycle, the contributions were disclosed prior to the election, and the amounts unreported are very similar to the prior case (\$1,350,000 in SAM Action and \$1,546,427 in the current case). In addition, other than the two contributions at issue here, the FTB audit found the Committee substantially complied with the Act's disclosure and recordkeeping provisions. Therefore, an administrative penalty \$1,500 is recommended for this violation.

CONCLUSION

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondents Yes on Prop. 30 – to Protect our Schools and Public Safety, a broad coalition of teachers, labor, business, law enforcement, and Governor Brown and Rubeena Singh hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Respondents violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.
- 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices

 Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting—or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.
- 3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter—for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of Respondents pursuant to Section 83116.
- 4. Respondents understand, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive, any and all procedural rights set forth in Sections 83115.5, 11503, 11523, and Regulations 18361.1 through 18361.9. This includes, but is not limited to the right to appear personally at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to be represented by an attorney at Respondents' own expense, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoena witnesses to testify at the hearing, to have an impartial administrative law judge preside over the hearing as a hearing officer, and to have the matter judicially reviewed.
 - 5. Respondents agree to the issuance of the decision and order set forth below. Also,

1	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of Yes on Prop. 30 – to Protect our Schools and
2	Public Safety, a broad coalition of teachers, labor, business, law enforcement, and Governor Brown and
3	Rubeena Singh," FPPC Case No. 15/124 is hereby accepted as the final decision and order of the Fair
4	Political Practices Commission, effective upon execution below by the Chair.
5	
6	IT IS SO ORDERED.
7	
8	Dated:
9	Joann Remke, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	